Celectials Deferred Final Action Until it Could Be Put Off No Longer.

RATIFICATIONS EXCHANGED AT MIDNIGHT

China Held Out to the Last Moment and Seeing No Hope for Extension of the Armistice Consented to the Treaty.

from Che-Foo says that the ratifications of against Japan.

YOKOHAMA, May 9 .- China has with-

islands show that 1,300 persons died there from cholera during one month. The epidemic is now subsiding.

PETERSBURG, May 9.-Russia, France and Germany, it is announced, are about to increase the naval forces in the China seas. WASHINGTON, May 9.—The State department today received a cablegram from United States Consul Reed, dated Che-Foo, stating that the exchange of all ratifications between China and Japan took place there PARIS, May 9 .- The Figare this morning

in regard to the negotiations between Japan and Russia, France and Germany, for a modification of the treaty of Shimonoseki, says that it has been left for Spain to draw p a final settlement of matters in dispute etween Japan and the three powers. BERLIN, May 9.—A dispatch from Chee-Foo

states that the ratifications of the treaty of peace between China and Japan were exchanged there yesterday.
WASHINGTON, May 9,-An official dispatch from Toklo received at the Japanese

legation this afternoon states that the ratifi-cations of the treaty of peace between Japan and China were exchanged at Chee-Foo on Wednesday. No change was made in the text of the treaty, as originally concluded. Taking into account, however, the recommendations made by Russia, Germany and France, the Japanese government has agreed to the renouncement of the permanent possession of the Liao Tong peninsula, on condi-tion that the arrangement regarding the terms and form of renunciation shall be reserved for adjustment between itself and the government of China. This latter stipulation is construed to mean that Japan will not sur-render the peninsula until a suitable in-demnity shall have been paid, and that it may have been agreed between Japan and China that the possession of Fort Arthur itself will be retained by the Japanese for a term of years leading beyond the date when the indemnity has been paid in full, thus assuring to Japan not alone the payment of the indemnity itself, but also sufficient time safeguard herself against anything like a

It will be remembered that the treaty of cace itself provides that Wel-Hai-Wei shall be held until the first 100,000,000 yen of the inmity and the next two annual installments have been paid, so that with the added guarantee of the possession of Port Arthur, even although only temporary, the Japanese would appear to have taken every possible precau-tion for the future. The foregoing statement is official, coming direct from Tokio cable. The understanding is it embodies the reply which Japan recently gave to the protest of Russia and the allied powers.

GOVERNMENT APPEALS TO CENTRISTS

Bill Urged Upon the Reichstag.

BERLIN, May 9 .- The debate on the anti revolution bill, which is now up for its second reading, was continued in the Reichstag to day. The Prussian minister of justice, Dr. von Schoenstedt, said that the government attached the greatest importance to the adoption of the proposal of Herr von Levetzow, which partially substitutes the govern ment bill for the proposals of the committee which has had the anti-revolution bill under of amendments have been incorporated in it weakened certain provisions of the measure Dr. von Schoenstedt urged the members of the center party to agree to Von Levetzow's motion, saying that otherwise they would play the socialist game. Continuing, the minister of justice said that recollections of the Kulturkampf had clouded the visions of the centrists in committee and that it was easier for them to yield now than on the third reading of the bill.

Herr Lensmann of the people's party said e hoped when the paragraph of the bill they were then discussing was rejected the government would withdraw the measure and put an end to the waste of time in

flogging a dead horse.

The Prussian minister of the interior Herr von Koeller, in reply chaffed Herr Lensmann, intimating that the latter was getting his ideas of socialism from popular Silesian almanacs, where it was written, he claimed, that social democracy is love. This remark was followed by cries of "quite right" and much laughter. Herr von Koel-ler said such a definition was a ridiculous falsehood, and thereupon he quoted a nun

This caused the socialists to repeatedly interrupt the minister, several of them concluding with the remark: will be finally recognized in the country that things cannot continue as heretofore. We have submitted the bill and must awai

SPAIN KNOWS OF NO SETTLEMEN Campos Will Not Treat with the Cuban

MADRID, May 9.-The government has re celved no news which would tend to confirm the rumor in circulation in the United States that Captain General de Campos has arrived at a settlement with rebei leaders in Cuba. HAVANA, May 9.—The correspondent of the Associated press here has made inquiries in official circles regarding the report. The statement is made that the captain general has not reached a settlement with the rebels and that he will not do so. He will der upon force of arms to put down the rebellion

WASHINGTON, May 9.—Official confirma-tion reaching here indicates that the Spanish that the trouble is actually closed and the rebellion formally ended, but the authorities are satisfied the revolt has ceased to have the menacing aspect of a few weeks ago. The rebel armies have been reduced to a few scattering bands, who are now in hiding.

Another Massacre Narrowly Averted. that a massacre of Christians at that place was prevented by the arrest of the chief conspirators in the plot. The evidence taken at Moush by the Turkish commission of inquiry tends to fix the responsibility for the recent massacres on Tahsin Pasha, late gov-ernor of Bitlis, who stated in official dispatches that the Armenians had raised the standard of rebellion, thus leading to the dispatch of Turkish troops to quell the al-leged revolt, and to the subsequent massacre.

Two Hungarian Villages Burned Down. Hungary, announces that a conflagration there destroyed a church and the municipal buildings and much other property. The wind carried the flames to the neighboring village of Nagu-Falu, which was completely de-

PURSUED HER USUAL POLICY SHOWED SOME PRIVATE LETTERS NOT READY FOR THE ISSUE Cause of the Recall of Minister Thurston at Last Made Public.

> SAN FRANCISCO, May 9 .- Hawaiian ad-May 2, per steamer Mariposa, are as follows: The letter demanding the recall of Minister Phurston is here and was read to the executive session of the councils yesterday afternoon. The letter had been to Hong Kong. It went past Honolulu in a bag with a couple of hundred others. The fault lies with the postoffice at San Francisco. The ground of the objection to Thurston is confined to a single transaction. The sole offense alleged is that Thurston, at the legation, showed to reporters private letters to himself from such offense to the secretary of state inti-

LONDON, May 9 .- A dispatch to the Times | Honolulu. The particular letter that gave the treaty of peace between China and Japan mated in strong terms that President Cleve- continued. Upon the reassembling of the were exchanged at midnight. The dispatch land and Secretary Gresham were largely readds that Russia disclaims any aggressive sponsible for the January uprising here. way said: "Before proceeding on the orders designs against Manchuria, and asserts that Gresham spoke to the Hawaiian minister of the day, I desire to say this: When she is acting on a purely protective basis about the matter. Thurston said that he asking the house to adjourn until the pres-

> GRESHAM USED STRONG LANGUAGE. and in strong language stated Thurston is no aware that in making the motion that the longer personally acceptable to the administration at Washington as Hawaiian minister. It is definitely settled Thurston will not re-turn to Washington. He has resigned his office, his resignation to take effect when friends opposite insisted, that I should give his successor has been appointed. Extremists here urge that he he sent back at proceed with other husbases until the matter. once in order to face Gresham again. They regard his return as a "back-down." The conservative feeling is that there should be the house do adjourn to June 13." no playing to the galleries and that the rela-tions of this government to that at Washing-ton should be left to adjust themselves in a natural way. Frank Hastings, who is at present in charge of the Hawalian legation,

> full for the reason that it names certain charges against Thurston, charges that would have to be answered by the Hawaiian minister. This government does not care to widen the breach with the Cleveland administration three discussions of the debate until evening, to which Martin assented, and the house adjournment of the debate until evening. At this evening's session Mr. Martin continued his speech and was followed by Mr. any more than it can help and for that reason Thurston will not have an opportunity to defend himself. The friends of Thurston are indignant, because they say he has been be-trayed by an agent of the United press in Washington. He permitted that agent to read private correspondence from Honolulu for the purpose of making himself familiar with the situation here and instructed him to publish nothing which reflected on the government, as it might reflect on his official position. Thurston's friends say the agent of the United press did not publish anything taken from the correspondence reflecting on Cleve-land, but he went directly to Gresham and informed him that he had read, at the Ha-wallan legation, letters sent to Thurston and furnished Gresham with the substance of them. The proof of this is Gresham's statement to Mr. Thurston in his last interview with him that "you (he) have been betrayed by your newspaper friends," and also the fact that Gresham had the substance, and in some case copies of letters reflecting on Cleveland.

DID NO WORSE THAN GRESHAM.

The feeling of the government here is that Thurston was justified in informing the Amer-ican public of the situation here, inasmuch as Gresham, in the beginning, gave to the press material without consulting Thurston. It is said this was noticeable, too, in Blount's matter, when Gresham, without informing Thurston of the receipt of the report, wrote Population and Susiness Statistics Brought out asking for any explanation whatever. Thurston made a public reply, and was attacked personally and called a "conspirator, but at that time a cabinet officer say Gresham did not take the matter of such pub cation up and ask for Thurston's recall. In an interview this morning a member of the government said: "The reply of the government will be brief, and will not enter into a discussion of the matter, such a dis-cussion would be useless and only provoke a bitter controversy. The fact remains that the eral nationalitie immediate cause of Thurston's recall is the the remainder. betrayal of trust he placed in an agent of the United press. How far Cleveland is justified in asking for the recall, based upon such betrayal, is a question which cannot be settled by diplomatic correspondence, but by who attempt to conduct newspaper business an honorable way." Rumors of a rupture in the cabinet have

been common for two days. The disagree-ment is said to be over the disposition of the rebel prisoners. Ministers Damon and King are in favor of liberating all the prisoners, but the ringlesders are opposed by Minister Hatch and Attorney General Smith. It is said President Dole favors the release of the men. As the outcome of the affair it is said Damon and King will resign. The statement

s denied by the government, The queen has become tired of prisen con finement and will soon make an effort to gain her freedom. Her friends have beer busy for some days working in her behalf and a writ of habeas corpus will be sworn out within a day or two. Paul Neumann, her attorney, is preparing his argument.

It has been a complete surprise to the gov-ernment that no attempt has been made to test the validity of the military court that recently dealt with the rebels. It was gen-erally understood that a test case would be made as soon as it aljourned, but for some reason no action was tak n.

WASHINGTON, May 9.—Mr. Hastings, Hawaiian charge d'affaires, was out of the city today and could not be seen regarding ble advance to the office of minister. This promotion would not be a surprise to of-icials, as Mr. Hastings is particularly aceptable at the State department, having long been in the United States diplomatic service before Joining the Hawaiian service. He has arranged to leave Washington in a few weeks and the legation will be closed until next fall, unless an extra session of congress should bring him back. There is said to be no significance in this, as most of the diplomats take summer vacations. Minister Thurston's resignation has not reached the State department, as the department gazette issued two days ago, named him as minister

EARNINGS OF THE WHISKY TRUST

CHICAGO, May 9 .- Expert Accountants O'Brien, Harrison and Bugbee have finished their examination of the books of the Whisky trust, and their final report for the period has been filed in court. The statement of receipts and disbursements for that time shows that the net gain by operation of the company's distilleries was \$335,257, and the net gain from distilleries operated by other persons under contract was \$37.438. The net profits for the ten months was \$258,495, and experts make the surplus January 28,

1895, \$1,735,104.

The new bill for an accounting filed by Receiver McNulta against J. B. Greenhut, Nelson Morris, P. J. Hennessey and Samuel Woolner was placed on file today. It is identical with the old one, save the receiver stands alone and all reference to the history of the organization committee is eliminated

Savenson's Walow in Good Circumstances.

San Francisco. May 9.—Amorg the passengers on the Mariposa from Samoa were Mrs. Robert Louis Stevenson, her son, Lloyd Osborn, and her friend and companion. Mrs. I. Strong. The novelist's widow will spend some time at her former home in Oakland and will alternate her future residence between that city and Apia, Samoa in an interview. Mrs. Stevenson stated that her husband had left hus in good circumstances. His unpublished letters and writings represent a small fortune in themselves.

vices received today from Honolulu, dated Premier Greenway of Manitoba Wants More Time on the Echool Question.

LEGISLATURE AGAIN ASKED TO / DIOURN

Opposition Combat the Move and Calm is Simply an Effort to Shift Responsibility Onto Other Shoulders.

WINNIPEG, May 9.—The battle now raging over separate schools is to be further Manitoba legislature today, Premier Greenregretted it very much, that in the hurry of ent date, in view of the gravity of the handling a big mail he had shown this let- questions involved in the consideration of drawn her request to have the armistice prolonged, and ratifications of the treaty of
peace have been exchanged.

Advices received here from the Pescadore

Handling a big mail he had shown this letter with others without any special intent.
Secretary Gresham
thereupon asked that the apology be submitted in writing. Thurston declined to do
now able to ask the house to order a further now able to ask the house to order a further adjournment until June 13, in order that

> will probably be promoted to the position of minister. No retaliating measures will be taken by the government, so a cabinet officer states, and Minister Willis will remain in Hawaii so far as anything the officials on this side may do or say to him.
>
> Cabinet officers stated, this morning that the fact of the position of the man and the take of the government was to the take the government was to the take the take the take the say of the school matters. He was himself a Catholic and represented his co-religionists there. The delay, he asserted, was simply a move to shelve the responsibility upon other shoulders and he strongly precested against such tactics. Martin concabinet officers stated this morning that tinued speaking until 4 o'clock, when Gresham's letter may never be published in Premier Greenway asked him to move the

> > tinued his speech and was followed by Mr. Prendergast, who regretted that the government had found it necessary to take a further adjournment.
> > Attorney General Sifton said the remedial

order, as submitted by the Dominion gov-ernment, involved a return to the old school system and this they did not propose to do. There were also a great many other phases of the question and further time must e taken for consideration. The question was then put: "Shall the rules be suspended?"

There was no dissenting voice and the legislature was declared adjourned to June 13. The action of the government in moving for adjournment, it is said, is explained by the statement that new points have arisen which demand further consideration. Some may think this adjournment looks like a sign of compromise, but the members who are in the confidence of the ministry one and all support the government. They have cabinet. They are happpy. Therefore it is evident the reasons which the government has given them must be a sound one.

FIGURES OF THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS

Up to Date. WASHINGTON, May 8.—The Hawaiian legation has received the annual blue book of Hawaii and the reports of the various government branches. The blue book gives interesting tables of the latest statistics available. The population of the islands is 89,-990, of which there are natives, 34,000; half casts, 6,186; Hawaiian-born foreigners, 7,500; Americans, 2,000; British, 1,300; Portuguese 8,600; Chinese, 15,300; Japanese, 12,300 eral nationalities in small numbers make up

While the American population is small its interests are greater. There are \$18. 500,000 of American capital invested in sugar corporations, out of a total of \$28,000,000. There is an investment of \$25,000,000 of American capital in various enterprises in a total of \$36,000,000.

The Hawaiin export last year was almost entirely sugar, of which there was a third of a billion pounds, valued at \$10,200,000. All of this except an insignificant amount came to the United States. The public debt of Hawaii is given at

\$3,417,459, and the assets from government lands, etc., \$7,594,601. During the last year Japanese immigration to Hawaii had increased, the excess of the arrivals of that class of persons over departures being 2.200. The Chinese and Portugues are leaving the belonds uguese are leaving the islands.

WASHINGTON, May 9.—Consul General Marrata at Melbourne, Australia, has furnished the State department a report on the proposed federation of the Australian colonies. He says there is a marked senti-ment for union, and adds: "The objects of federation are usually based on the foi-lowing considerations: "I. To provide more powerful defense "1. To provide more powerful defense against enemies of the colonies.

"2. To secure a more economical form of government.

"3. To allow the control of the colonies. To stimulate the various industries.

"The want of cohesion on the part of the separate colonies has been the great stumbling block in the various federal councils, as the following obstacles must be considered: First, the inequalities in the tariffs of the different col nies; and, re ond, the unequal indebtedness of the separate colonies."

WASHINGTON, May 9 .- General Casey thief of engineers, will retire tomorrow. It has been generally supposed that Colonel William P. Craighill would be appointed William P. Craighill would be appointed his successor, but it is now believed the president is seriously considering the promotion of the next man in line, Colonel George H. Mendell, who is in charge of the public works on the Pacific coast. Colonel Mendell will retire October 1, 1895, Colonel Abbott August 31, 1895, and Colonel Craighill July 1, 1897. The promotions that follow General Casey's retirement, aside from the promotion to chief engineer, are as follows: Lieutenant Colonel John W. Barlows, to be colonel; Major David P. Heap, to be fleutenant colonel; Captain William L. Marshall, to be major; First Lieutenant Henry E. Watterman, to be captain; Second Lieutenant Edgar Godwin, to be first lieutenant.

WASHINGTON, May 9,-Consul Morris, at Ghent, has sent to the State department an article arguing in favor of the greater an article arguing in favor of the greater use of chicory as a biverage and noting the great increase of the plant in Europe. He says that there is in the United States a prejudice against chicory, because unscrupulous dealers use is as an adultiration. He says that when it is known that the plant in its purity is known in the United States its consumption will be increased.

Gresham Improving and Hitt Weaker. WASHINGTON, May 9 .- Secretary Gres-Mr. Hitt of Illinois is growing weaker and his physician is very apprehensive.

titven Their Commissions WASHINGTON, May 9.-(Special Teleram.)-Postmasters were commissioned today as follows: Nebraska-Emery S. Clents, Richfield. South Dakota-Henry

Lightning Struck a Boat DULUTH, May 9 .- I. ghtning struck a small boat in the harbor-during a sudden storm today and two of the occapants, Charles Emory of Bay City, Mich., and George Barshaw cf. Duluth, were instantly killed. Wil-liam Heim of Bay City was slightly stunned, but otherwise unburt. Emory came here ten days ago and is well known at Bay City.

No One Injured by the Volley Se Far as

Reported.
CHARLESTON, W. Va., May 9.—Governor McCorkle today received a telegram from Order Claimed to Be on the Increase in Logan M. Bullit of the Southwestern Improvement company at Pocahontas, Va. stating that the men going in his mine jus over the line in this state had been fired upon by Flattop strikers. The dispatch stated that application had been made to the sheriff in this state for protection, but that the officers sympathized with the strikers, and for this reason would better protect the company's property nor apply for military aid. The governor wired Mr. Bullit that application for troops must come from the civil authorities, and also wired Sheriff Dangerfield of Mercer to take the necessary steps to protect property and prevent violence, and also instructed Adjutant General Holley, now at Bluefields, to investigate the reported

BUSINESS MEN PROMISE SUPPORT. Mining Company Has Good Backing in Paying Low Wages.

It is believed the mine will resume on this

basis. About 400 men are employed. Molders Demand an Advance. INDIANAPOLIS, May 9 .- All the union nolders in this city went on a strike today. The molders demand a rigid scale of wages of \$2.25 to \$2.50 per day. They are now receiving from \$2 to \$2.40. A recognition of the union is also demanded. The owners of the ten plants involved say they will grant

Miners Will Accept Last Year's Prices. COLUMBUS, O., May 9 .- High authority makes the statement important that "hunger will drive some of the Ohio coal miners to accept last year's prices, which many of the operators are willing to pay, and when do this an agreement is only a question

CELEBRATED WESLEYAN DAY. Five Thousand Methodi ts Cather at the

Chicago Auditorium Last Night. CHICAGO, May 9 .- The third observance of Wesleyan day in memory of the founding of the Methodist church was celebrated at been out through the constituencies and the Auditorium by the Methodists of Chicago have come back stronger supporters than tonight. Despite the high temperature, the the Auditorium by the Methodists of Chicago by the citizens of Washington, in considerationight. Despite the high temperature, the tion of his defense of the public school sysever of national schools. It would there-fore not be satisfactory to them if this meant any backdown on the part of the troductory remarks by President Charles E. Piper of the Methodist Social union, Mayor Swift made a short address on the work ac-complished by Wesley and his followers, and was followed by Rev. William F. Mc-Dowell, chancellor of the University of Denver, who spoke on "The Relation of Methodism to Social and Civic Problems." President Warner Miller of the Nicaragua canal Presboard followed with an address upon "The Influence of Methodism in the Organization and Development of Our Government." An address by Dr. E. A. Schell, general secretary of the Epworth league, upon "A Lay-man's Movement," closed the program. Between the addresses musical numbers were rendered on the great Auditorium organ, a before Saturday. The platform will probachorus of 1,000 voices taking part.

Orders for Army Men. WASHINGTON, May 9 .- (Special Telegram.)-Leave of absence for four months is granted Lieutenant Colonel James W. Powell, jr., Seventeenth infantry. The extension of leave granted Second Lieutenant Thomas M. Moody, Second infantry (now first lieutenant of infantry), is further extended one month.

First Lieutenant Chauncey B. Baker, Seventh infantry, and John E. McMahon, Fourth artillery, having been relieved from duty as aides-de-camp by the retirement of Major General Alexander McD. McCook, will proceed at the expiration of their present leaves of absence to join the company and battery to which they belong.

Second Lieutenant William R. Sample, Fourteenth infantry, at his own request is relieved from further duty with the milita of the state of Arkansas and will await orders at Little Rock.

Captain Isaac W. Littell, assistant quartermaster, will proceed from Fort Reno to San Antonio, Tex., and report in person to the commanding general. Department of Texas, for assignment to duty as post quartermaster at Fort Sam Houston, to relieve Captain Edgar S. Dudley, assistant quartermaster.

aptain Edgar S. Dudley, assistant quarter-

captain Edgar S. Dudley, assistant quartermaster.

The following transfers are ordered in the
First infantry: Captain Frank H. Edmunds, from company F to company K;
Captain Charles G. Starr, from company K
to company F.

The following transfers in the Sixteenth
isfantry are ordered: First Lieutenant
Charles R. Tyler, from company B to company E; First Lieutenant Beaumont B.
Muck, from company E to company B.
Leave of absence for one month from the
date when his troop shall depart from Fort
Riley for Fort Grant is granted Scond
Lieutenant William G. Fitzgerald, Seventh
cavalry. Leave of absence for two months,
to take effect June 1, is granted Colonel
Andrew S. Burt, Twenty-fifth infantry.
Leave of absence, on surgeon's certificate of
disability, granted Major Clarence Ewen,
surgeon, is extended three months on account of sickness. Leave of absence for
three months and fifteen days, June 1, 1885,
is granted First Lieutenant Thomas Q.
Donaldson, ir. Eighth cavalry. Leave of
absence granted First Lieutenant Thomas Q.
Donaldson, ir. Eighth cavalry. Leave of
absence granted First Lieutenant Samuel E.
Smiley, quartermaster, Fifteenth infantry,
April 12, is extended one month.
Captain Richard W. Joneson, assistant
surgeon, will be relieved from duty at
Washington Barracks, District of Columbia,
and will report in person to the commanding officer, Fort Huachica, to relieve Major
Tlmothy E, Wilcox, surgeon. Major Wilcox, upon being relieved, will report in person to the commanding officer at Fort
Schuyler, N. Y.
Leave of absence of two months is granted
First Lieutenant Besjamin H. Randolph,
Third artillery, with permission to go beyond sea.

Major W. Davis, Eleventh infantry, will
relieve Major George B Davis, judge advo-

The case against William C. Irvine, man-

First Lieutenant Besjamin H. Randolph, Third artillery, with permission to go beyond sea.

Major W. Davis, Eleventh infantry, will relieve Major George B. Davis, judge advocate, on the 1st day of July, as president of the Board of Publication of Official Records of the Rebellion, and Major George B. Davis, judge advocate, will continue, with station in Washington, to perform other duties assigned to him by the secretary until the 20th of August.

First Lieutenant John M. Jenkins, Ninth cavalry, is detailed to attend the encampment of the Georgia milita near Savannah, Ga., from the 10th to the 12th of July, 1895.

The following changes in the quartermaster's department are ordered: Major Daniel D. Wheeler, quartermaster, is relieved from the duty assigned him on May 2, 1895, and will proceed to Omaha and report to the commanding general, Department of the Platte, for assignment to duty as assistant to the chief quartermaster, to relieve Captain Charles A. Booth, Captain Rooth will proceed to San Antonio and report to the commanding general, Department of Texas, for assignment to duty as assistant to the chief quartermaster of that department, to relieve Captain Edgar S. Dudley will proceed to Columbus Barraciss, O., and report hy letter to the commanding general, Department of the East, for assignment to duty at the person to the quartermaster of the Will report in person to the quartermaster Major Edra will report in person to the quartermaster general for assignment to duty in his office. compromise.

Fort Worth Refund I III Vetoed AUSTIN, Tex., May 9.-Governor Culber son vetoed the bill passed by the legislature just closed allowing the Fort Worth

STRIKERS FIRE ON WORKENG MINERS DISH OF A. P. A. DOCTRINE

Most Sections of the Country.

PRESIDENT TRAYNOR'S LENGTHY ADDRESS

Ceclares the City of Washington a Peren nial Hotbed of Jesuitical Lobbyists-The Order as Promoter of North and South Union.

MILWAUKEE, May 9 .- President Traynor f the supreme body of the A. P. A. today delvered an address of between 25,000 and trouble and report. Late tonight General 30,000 words, in which he made suggestions Holley wired that there was no need of and recommendations covering practically every leading question of the day. He desounced the laws which accept the vote of the ignorant foreigner who is unable to read or write the English language and rejects the Hill and Sullivan management having expressed a willingness to resume work in their mine at \$3 for miners and \$2.50 for carmen and shovelers, the business men of Wardner and Kellogg drew up this resulted.

SHELBY, Neb., May 9.—(Special.)—Yesterday was the hottest day of the year. At 11 a. m. the thermometer registered 98 degrees in the shade, and shot up to 107 d carmen and shovelers, the business men of Jesuitical lobbyists, who carry their points Gresham's letter is dated February 21 last, and in strong language stated Thurston is no aware that in making the motion that the which is being generally signed:

| Mardner and Kellogg drew up this petition, by buildozing and boycotting senators and representatives. He strongly urged the esware that in making the motion that the house do now adjourn that I am asking the indulgence of the house, because in making the intended opposite insisted, that I should give notice, as it is not the intention to proproceed with other business until this matter is disposed of. I desire now to move that the house do adjourn to June 13."

No sooner had the premier taken his seat than A. F. Martin, leader of the opposition, was on his feet and for two hours he spoke in opposition to the premier's motion. He claimed the duty of the government was to fat once decide upon the school matters. He was himself a Catholic and represented his co-religionists there. The delay, he asserted, was simply a move to shelve the responsibility upon other shoulders and hestongly urged the establishment of a national headquarters of the tremely low price of lead and silver, and in further consideration of the fact that the consideration of the fact that th nor said the order had been extended to every state in the union except Mississippi, in which state there is yet no organization. The southerners at first regarded the A. P. A. as a great carpetbag institution, but after they had studed its principles they embraced the order with the utmost confidence. He believes that the A. P. A. will assist ma-terially in uniting the north and the south. The increase in membership in the south during the past two terms of his presidency has been five or six times greater than the ncrease in the north

INCREASE IN NEW ENGLAND. The increase in the east and New England during the past year has been greater than the increase in membership in any other section of the country. The order has de-creased in membership in one or two states, but its influence is just as strong. He ronounced the city of New Orleans a hotbed f Romanism similar to Washington. He eclared that the national political parties had violated their pledges to the people in many cases, and intimated that they cannot be trusted unless they endorse the funda-mental principles of the A. P. A. He fa-vored the suspension of immigration until the country had assimilated the foreigners which are now in it, and also favored the taxation of church property.

The "original little red school house" presented to Congressman Hinton of Michigan at the opening of congress, December 3, 1894,

tem has been brought to Milwaukee and is being exhibited to the delegates. This lit-tle work of art, which is four feet long and two feet wide, will be taken to every state in the union and may be sent to Europe. On July 4 it will figure in the celebration of the country's national day at Louisville, Ky., where the altar upon which it will rest will be surrounded by 35,000 school children. DURRANT FEARS HARRY PARTRIDGE
The yard surrounding the little red school house was filled with American Beauty roses when presented to Congressman Linton, twelve dozen being usid, and these roses cost just \$144. Lithographs of the

bly be formulated tomorrow. The local organization gave the organization a big reception and banquet at Liberty hall tonight. Among the speakers were Rev. J. C. Medill, past supreme president of the Canadian A. P. A., and Supreme President Traynor of Detroit, Henry F. Bowers, founder of the order, was presented with a time and to the canadian A. P. A., and Supreme President Traynor of Detroit, Henry F. Bowers, founder of the order, was presented with a time and the suprementation of the order. with a \$1,000 medal, and made a short speech n response.

GORDON DISCHARGED FROM CUSTODY

LOUISVILLE, May 9.—The city court was crowded again today when the case of Fulton Gordon, charged with the murder of his wife and Archibald Brown, was called. Arguments were promptly begun by Prosecuting Attorney Thurman, who was followed by who represents Governor Brown in the prosecution. After arguments were completed and the case closed Judge Thompson announced he could not hold the prisoner, and that he would discharge him as an object lesson to other adulterers. In explanation the judge said there was no evidence of guilt on Gordon's part, but that the adulterer and adulteress stood on the verge of an abyss of ruin and death, and that their fate was only what could be expected.

HERESY IN A DIVINITY COLLEGE President of a Denominational School Re-

INDIANAPOLIS, May 9,-Relative to charge of heresy that has been made under breath for a long time, and at last openly, against the bible school at Butler college, one of the largest and wealthiest institutions in the country of the Christian denomination, President Butler of the college gives out a statement today in which he declares that the people of Butler are not of those who measure Christian standards by iron rules; that the institution, by its character, is prevented from narrow sectarianism, and those who try to read it out of the church are assuming authority not conferred by the

WOULD NOT REOPEN THE ISSUE CHEYENNE, May 9 .- (Special Telegram

ager of the Ogalalia Cattle company, charged with shooting at Jack Flagg during the cattle invasion in 1892, was disnissed by the court today in Buffalo, Wyo Will Inspect Cattle at Cheyenne CHEYENNE, Wyo., May 9 .- (Special Tele gram.)-Governor Richards was advised to day that the Union Pacific management had decided to reduce switching charges on southern cattle at this point from \$2 to \$1 per car. On receipt of this information Governor Richards notified Receiver Trum-bull of the Gulf system that the provisions

Investigating a Big (laim. CHEYENNE, May 9.—(Special.)—John W CHEYENNE, May B.—(Special.)—John W.
Sammon, clerk of the district court of
Uinta county, representing the claimants
against the Southern Pacific Coal company for the loss of sixty lives at Red
Canon, is here investigating the status of
the corporation. The aggregate amount of
the chains is \$300,000. It is probable that
the officials of the company will offer to
compromise.

Extensive Irrigation Schemes.

RAWLINS, Wyo., May 9.—(Special.)—
Specifications have been prepared and the contract will shortly be let for the construction of a canal forty miles long, on Snake river, seventy miles south of Raw-lins, to irrigate a large tract of arable land for colonization. The enterprise is backed by Providence, R. I., parties.

FEGETATION VERY FAR ADVANCED Crops of All Kind in Very Fine Condition

Throughout the State. WESTERN, Neb., May 9 .- (Special.) - The recent rains have given vegetation a wonderful impetus. The oat crop was never more promising, corn is about all planted and most of it through the ground, fruit will, if permitted to mature under present prospects, be DELAWARE LEGISLATURE ENDS IN A TANGLE abundant. Nebraska is redeeming herself in a most brilliant manner. These encouraging indications give every one a hopeful and buoyant feeling. Yesterday was a very hot day, the mercury

registering 100 about noon. Today was NEBRASKA CITY, May 9 .- (Special Tele gram.)-Today was a record breaker for heat at this season, the mercury reaching 95 in the shade.

YORK, Neb., May 9 .- (Special.) -- Yesterday was the hottest day of the year, the mer-ST. PAUL, Neb., May 9.—(Special.)—The

SHELBY, Neb., May 9,-(Special.)-Yesterin excellent shape. It is ecoler today.
YANKTON, S. D., May 9.—(Special Telegram.)—Never in the history of Yankton has

During the day the

of Nebraska adjoining. Never was there such a prospect for small grain, fruit and prairie grass. The total number of acres the legislative session of 1895 the clerk was shows that seed has sprouted. Copious rains have fallen and wheat and oats are six Inches Governor Watson (democrat), who, by reason high. corn planting and numerous fields show corn before his elevation to the gubernatorial sprouted an inch above ground. Fruit trees chair upon the death of Governor Marvil, from that is practically passed. CRESTON, Ia., May 9.—(Special Telegram.)

oday, the hottest day of the season. KANSAS CITY, May 9.—Today Kansas, as lose race in below zero descents with Qu'Appelle, British Columbia, ran up to 100 in the shade, while at Lawrence the 94 point was reached. This is the bottest May weather recorded in Kansas for years. In this city recorded in Kausas for years. In this city 90 was the limit. The hot spell will be hard on growing crops, which in many instances were already in need of rain. Cooler weather were already in need of rain. Cooler weather the law distinctly declares the "speaker of the senate" shall become governor. There-

strawberries and fruit trees. Great damage ship, was done to crops on the low grounds and MARSHALLTOWN, Ia., May 9 .- The heat of the past week is unprecedented in the history of the state at this time of the year. Unofficial thermometers registered 95 in the

bugs are reported to be doing bad work in self.

record for May. Crops are making prodigious ATCHISON, Kan., May 9.—A hot wind is reported blowing in western Kansas. The thermometer is 105 in the shade.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 9 .- An evening school house have been published and are paper publishes a statement made by Theobeing distributed to the members of the dore Durrant to a friend, in which the A. P. A. and others. dore Durrant to a friend, in which the man charged with the murder of the two girls in Emanuel church said he would make the greatest legal battle in the history of the state and expressed his confidence regarding the outcome, predicting that he would soon be a free man. In addifor the defense. Durrant has retained a well known criminal lawyer, George A. Knight, and says the case shall be pushed to speeedy

> There are a good many things agains me," Durrant is quoted as saying, "but I fear Harry Partridge, who testified that he answered foll call for me on April 8, more than any other witness. If Partridge per-sists in his statement he will hang me, but my attorneys will see him and perhaps he will change his mind. I did him many a good turn and often answered roll call for

> him. I hope he won't continue against me." The prosecution does not understand Durrant's fear of Partridge, whose testimony is corroborated. April 8 was the last day Durrant visited Minnie Williams in Alameda. Durrant denies that he offered a ring to Oppenheimer, the pawnbroker, or any one else. He says Oppenheimer is a tool of the police and has frequently given similar testimony in other cases. Durrant is studying medical books and says upon his release he will continue his course to graduation.

WIRE MANUFACTURERS CONSOLIDATE Washburn and Moen Company Absorbs

SAN FRANCISCO, May 9 .- The Call says: Within the next two days two of the largest wire rope and cable manufacturing companies in the United States will combine in partial consolidation. They are the California Wire giving Henry A. Dupont a basis for a contest works of this city and the Washburn & Moen Manufacturing company of Worcester, Mass. For the last month negotiations have been ending between these two large rival manufacturers, and recently their representatives have reached an understanding which will result in a combine in their line. By the terms agreed upon the California Wire works will sell out its entire wire rope and cable plant to the eastern firm, the price being about \$300,000. The eastern firm will take up locally the manufacture of ropes and cables in the California works' premises. While the local company will continue to make other goods as heretofore, there is a coasibility' that the company in the near future will consolidate with the Massashusetts corporation.

MURDERER GAMBLED AWAY HIS BODY

the Carrying Out of the Contract, DENVER, May 9 .- Dr. Rucker, coroner at Pocatello, Idaho, arrived in Denver today. He is seeking possession of a body won in a game of cards. His antagonist is Dr. Cuneo the Italian consul. Calo Perri committed suicide just before the day set for his execution for the murder of a man named Mc-Namara. One day Perri offered to wager his corpse against \$100 that he could defeat Dr. Rucker at cards. If he should win the doctor should send the money to Perri's mother in southern Italy. It case he should lose the doctor should have his body to dissect. They played and Dr. Rucker won. Perri signed a paper ordering that his body should forever remain in the possession of Dr. Rucker. Dr. Cuneo will make every effort to gain posses-sion of what is left of the Italian murderer

Tenth Wife Was ills First, LA PORTE, Ind., May 2.-Abraham tenth wife. The evidence disclosed the fact that Rimes' last wife was his first bride and that he had married eight other as-pirants for his affections before he was again wedded to his first, from whom he was legally separated shortly after mar-riage.

DUPONT DECLARED ELECTED

End of the Long Senatorial Struggle is Not Yet, However.

Adjourned Sine Die-Speaker Says Dupont is Senator and the Governor Says Ho Isn't-Contest to Be Taken to the Supreme Court.

DOVER, Del., May 9 .- The general assembly of Delaware adjourned sine die at 3 clock this afternoon without having selected a successor to Senator Higgins, although the republicans claim their leading last three days have been exceedingly hot for the season. This afternoon it was 98 in the legally elected. The matter will probably be shade, the hottest ever observed here as early taken to the United States senate for a decision. The 211th ballot since the dead-

During the day the democrats fillbustered egetation of all kinds been so far advanced with the object of preventing balloting, and this part of South Dakota and that portion when the state house clock rang out the planted in small grain exceeds the acreage in the midst of a roll call on a dilatory of last year by 30 per cent and every field motion made by a democrat. As soon as Most of the farmers have finished of the fact that he was speaker of the senate and bushes blossomed early and show thick clair upon the death of Governor Marvil, presided over the joint session, announced the sine die adjournment. Speaker of the sine die adjournment of the gubernarial chair upon the death of Governor Marvil, presided over the joint session, announced the sine die adjournment. ind bushes blossomed early and show thick foliage. There has been no frost and danger from that is practically passed.

CRESTON, Ia., May 9.—(Special Telegram.)

—The thermometer registered 95 in the shade today, the hottest day of the season.

leaders KANSAS CITY, May 9.—Today Kansas, as usual, came to the front in the matter of violent extremes, recording 105 degrees at Atchison and 95 and under at dozens of other points. Concordia, which last winter ran a close race in below zero descents with son, by virtue of his position as speaker of the senate, succeeded to the governorship upon the death of Governor Marvil one month ago, the number of senators was reduced to eight, and therefore there were only twenty-JOHNS CREEK, Wis., May 9.—The worst had and rain storm ever known here occurred today, raining all the early vegetables, senate, he ceases to be "speaker of the senate" and consequently loses the governor-

MADE HIS THREAT GOOD. The senatorial question is likely to occupy a large amount of public attention for months to come. Whether the governor has a right to appoint is a disputed question. If he has the appointment will be only until Unofficial thermometers registered as in the shade at 5 p. m. today. The growth of crops is marvelous.

LACROSSE, Wis., May 9.—Temperature today was 92, the hottest on record for the first ten days of May.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., May 9.—The mercury rose to 95½ in the shade. This is the hottest ever known in May in this region. Chinch have seen recorded to be doing had work in the shade.

the oat fields of Dewitt county.

Colonel Henry A. Dupont, who will make
DES MOINES, May 9.—The mercury stood
the contest for the senatorship, is a member of the famous Dupont family who have been manufacturers of powder and other ex-plosives at Wilmington, this state, for over a century. He is a son of the late General Henry Dupont, and was born at Brandywine Banks in 1836. He attended the University of Pennsylvania and was appointed to the United States military academy at West Point, graduating in 1861. He entered the Fifth United States artillery through the civil war. Colonel Dupont has been a republican ever since the organization

The deaks of Representatives Robbins and Brown, the two Sussex farmer legislators, whose votes are needed to elect Henry A. Dupont, have been surrounded all the morning by a bedyguard of Addicks people, who seem to be making every effort to prevent these two men from voting with the majority of their fellow republicans and thus end the deadlock. Governor Watson took his chair in joint session at 12 o'clock and ordered the floor cleared of all ex-state officials and exmembers. The forty-ninth ballot resulted: Dupont, 15; Addicks. 4; Ridgley, 10; Tunnell, Brown left Addicks for Dupont. It now

courses sixteen votes to elect. At the conclusion of the 211th ballot Senator Aldrich arose and read a paper protesting against further balloting. Henry A. Dupont had been legally elected, Governor Watson refused to entertain the motion or to allow a protest to go on the records of the joint session, claiming it to be out of order. Senator Pierce appealed from the decision and the governor refused to entertain the appeal. Senator Harrington, democrat, moved to separate and the ayes and nays were called. It was 2:47 when the roll call was concluded. It was defeated 18 to 12.

Senator Cadrecords made a similar motion, but it was also defeated. Representative Davis moved to take a recess for five minutes

and this was also defeated.

Senator Cadrecords, the democratic leader moved to separate and during the roll call the state house clock struck the hour of 5, but the clock in the hall was one minute slower, and when the vote was announced the governor declared the general assembly

Speaker McMullen then declared, as speaker of the house, Henry A. Dupont elected United States senator from Delaware. Speaker McMullen's declaration was re-ceived with derisive shouts by the democrats. This move was prearranged by the repub-lican leaders and was for the purpose of

before the United States supreme court. VICTORY FOR A. O. U. W. SECEDERS Okiahoma Courts Refuse to Grant an In-

GUTHRIE, Okl., May 9 .- Judge Dale today in the district court here refused the petition of the supreme lodge, Ancient Order of United Workmen, brought to compel the Oklahoma lodge to cease using the name, passwords, ritual and paraphernalia of the parent order. Judge Dale holds that there can be no exclusive right in a non-corporacan be no exclusive right in a non-corpora-tion to rituals and formulas used for char-itable or religious purposes. He holds that the Ancient Order of United Workmen was not organized for trade or business; that its nature is that of a religious institution, or-ganized for the benefits that co-operative

charity might be to the members, and that it depends entirely upon the voluntary cohesion of the membership. The Oklahoma grand lodge was originally organized as an offshoot of the supreme lodge, and was attached to the Texas jurisdiction. Assessments were so high that the Oklahoma department seceded and organized a jurisdiction of its own, When it sent representatives to the supreme lodge they were refused recognition. The case will be appealed. It has great importance as bearing on the secession of part of this order in Iowa and the German element of the Dwelling at McCook Burned.

M'COOK, Neb., May 9 .- (Special Telegram.)-The brick dwelling house of L. H. Rooney of South McCook was destroyed by fire about noon today. Loss, \$1,000; Insured in the State Insurance company of Dec

Slovements of Ocean Steamers, May 9. At New York-Arrived-Waesland, from

At San Francisco-Arrived-Mariposa, from Honolulu and Sydney. At Bremerhaven-Arrived-Trave, from New York, via Southampton, At London-Arrived-America, from New

York. At Hamburg-Arrived-Prussia, from New